

De Bello Gallico 4.24: The Britanni try to prevent the Romans from landing.

N. PART PART

At barbari, cōsiliō Rōmānōrum cōgnitō praemissō

N. ABL ABS REL. CLAUSE

equitatū et essedariis, quō plērumque genere in proeliis

ABL ABS

+ABL

D.O.

INF

ūtī cōsuērunt, reliquīs cōpiīs subsecūtī nostrōs nāvibus ēgredi

"from"
+ACC +INF

abl.
acc.

abl. place
from which

prohibēbant.

Erat ob hās causās summa difficultās, quod nāvēs propter

PRES PASS
INF

māgnitudinem nisi in altō cōstituī nōn poterant, militibus

ABL ABS ABL ABS

dat. of
agent

autem, ignōtīs locīs, impedītīs manibus, māgnō et gravī onere

DAT.

PASS. PERIPHRASTIC

abl.
means

armōrum oppressīs, simul et dē nāvibus dēsiliendum et in

fluctibus cōsistendum et cum hostibus erat pūgnandum, cum

PERFECT
PART

illī aut ex aridō aut paulum in aquam prōgressī, omnibus

ABL ABS

membris expeditīs, nōtissimīs locīs, audācter tēla conicerent et

equōs insuēfactōs incitārent.

De Bello Gallico 4.24: The Britanni try to prevent the Romans from landing.

Quibus rēbus nostrī perterritī atque ^{ob} huius omnīnō generis pugnae

+GEN

imperīi, nōn eādem alacritāte ac studiō quō in pedestribus ūtī

+ABL

proeliīs cōsuērant ūtēbantur.

De Bello Gallico 4.25: Caesar send warships into action. An aquilifer's act of bravery.

connecting relative

D.O. ACC.PL. D.O.
Quod ubi Caesar animadvertit, nāvīs longās, quārum et
REL. CLAUSE

^{obj. rel.}
speciēs erat barbarīs inūsitātior et mōtus ad ūsum expeditior,
REL. CLAUSE

ADV INF

paulum removērī ab onerāriīs nāvibus et rēmīs incitārī et ad

INF

latus apertum hostium cōstituī atque inde fundīs, sagittīs,

D.O. INF INF +INF D.D. double dative
- purpose
- reference

tormentīs hostēs prōpellī ac submovērī iussit; quae rēs māgnō

^{dat. purpose}
^{dat. ref.}
ūsui nostrīs fuit.

Nam et nāvium figurā et rēmōrum mōtū et inūsitātō genere

SVB.

tormentōrum permōtī barbarī cōstitērunt ac paulum modo

"retreat" ABSTRACTS.

pedem rettulērunt. Atque nostrīs mīlitibus cunctantibus,

māximē propter altitudinem maris, quī decimae legiōnis

PERF ACT PART IMP COMMAND

aquilam ferēbat, contestātus deōs, ut ea rēs legiōnī feliciter

evenīret, 'Dēsilīte', inquit, ' mīlitēs, nisi vultis aquilam

De Bello Gallico 4.25: Caesar send warships into action. An aquilifer's act of bravery.

I.O.

hostibus prōdere; ego certē meum reī publicae atque imperātōri

FUT. PERF.

D.O.

officium praestiterō.’ Hōc cum vōce magnā dīxisset, sē ex nāvī

prōiēcit atque in hostēs aquilam ferre coepit. Tum nostrī

PERFECT PART

IND COMMAND

cohortātī inter sē, nē tantum dēdecus admitterētur, ūniversī

D.O.

ex nāvī dēsiluērunt. Hōs item ex proximīs primī nāvibus cum

PERFECT

+DAT

DAT

cōspēxissent, subsecūtī hostibus appropinquārunt.

De Bello Gallico 4.26: After a fierce contest the Britons are put to flight.

IMPERSONAL

Pūgnātum est ab ^{abl. agent} utrisque ācrit̄er. Nostrī tamen, quod

neque ōrdinēs servāre neque firmiter īnsistere neque sīgna

"another from another" DAT.

subsequī poterant atque alius aliā ex nāvī quibuscumque sīgnīs

D.O. + DAT

occurrerat sē aggregābat, māgnopere perturbābantur; hostēs

ABL ABS

D.O.

vērō, nōtīs omnibus vadīs, ubi ex lītore aliquōs singulārēs ex

ABL ABS

nāvī ēgredientēs cōspēxerant, incitātīs equīs impedītōs

adoriēbantur, plūrēs paucōs circumsistēbant, aliī ab latere

apertō in ūiversōs tēla cōiciēbant.

CONNECTING REL. CLAUSE

Quod cum animadvertisset Caesar, scaphās longārum nāvium,

+ACC + INF

item speculātōria nāvigia ^{abl. means} militibus complērī iussit et, quōs

DAT D.O.

labōrantēs cōspēxerant, hīs subsidia submittēbat. Nostrī, simul

ABL ABS.

in āridō cōstitērunt, suīs omnibus cōsecūtīs, in hostēs impetum

De Bello Gallico 4.26: After a fierce contest the Britons are put to flight.

"put to flight" COMP ADV

fēcērunt atque eōs in fugam dedērunt; neque longius prōsequī

"reach"

potuērunt, quod equitēs cursum tenēre atque īnsulam capere nōn

PLVP

w/verb

+dat+dat

potuerant. Hōc ūnum ad prīstinam fōrtūnam Caesarī dēfuit.

De Bello Gallico 4.27: The Britons sue for peace.

Hostēs ^{abl. means} proeliō superātī, ^{P.P.P. "as soon as"} simul atque sē ex fugā recēpērunt,

statim ad Caesarem lēgātōs dē pāce mīserunt; obsidēs datūrōs

IND STATEMENT

N. PL. ACC. SUBACC.

SYNCOPE

quaeque imperāset sēsē factūrōs pollicitī sunt. Ūnā cum hīs imperāset = imperāvisset

REL CL.

SUBS. by ATTRACTION

lēgātīs Commius Atrebās vēnit, quem suprà dēmōnstrāveram

ā Caesare in Britanniam praemīssum.

SUB.

Hunc illī ē nāvī ēgressum, cum ad eōs ^{abl. manner} ōrātōris modō Caesaris

D.O.

mandāta dēferret, comprehenderant atque in vincula coiēcērant:

ABL ABS

GERUNDIVE

D.O.

tum proeliō factō remīsērunt. In petendā pāce ^{abl. manner} ēius reī culpam

in multitudinē coiēcērunt et propter imprudentiam ut

IMP COMMAND

ignōscerētur petīvērunt.

CUM ADVERSATIVE

SUB

"that"

ABL ABS

Caesar questus quod, cum ūltrō in continentem lēgātīs mīssīs

SYNCOPE

+DAT

(sē)

pācem ab sē petīssent, bellum sine causā intulissent, ignōscere

De Bello Gallico 4.27: The Britons sue for peace.

DAT

imprudentiae dīxit obsidēsque imperāvit; quōrum illī partem

P.P.P.

statim dedērunt, partem ex longīnquiōribus locīs arcessitam

paucīs diēbus sēsē datūrōs dīxērunt. Intereā suōs remigrāre

in agrōs iussērunt, prīncipēsque undique convenīre et sē

DAT +DAT

cīvitātēsque suās Caesarī commendāre coepērunt.

De Bello Gallico 4.28: The cavalry transports are driven back by a storm.

ABL ABS (postquam)

His rebus pāce cōfirmatā, post diem quartum quam

est in Britanniam ventum nāvēs XVIII, dē quibus suprā

dēmōstrātum est, quae equitēs sustulerant, ex superiōre portū

"set sail"

lēnī ventō solvērunt.

CONN. REL. + DAT

Quae cum appropinquārent Britanniae et ex castrīs vidērentur,

RESULT

tanta tempestās subitō coōrta est ut nūlla eārum cursum

ADV RESULT
"to the same place"

tenēre posset, sed aliae eōdem unde erant profectae referrentur,

+ACC

aliae ad inferiōrem partem īnsulae, quae est propius sōlis

RESULT

occāsum, māgnō suō cum periculō dēicerentur; quae tamen,

ABL ABS ADV
CAUSAL

ancorīs iactīs, cum fluctibus complērentur, necessariō adversā

ABL ABS PERF ACT

nocte in altum prōvēctae, continentem petiērunt.

De Bello Gallico 4.29: The storm and the tide wreck Caesar's fleet.

^{abl} ^{time} Eādem nocte accidit ut esset lūna plēna, quī diēs maritimōs ^{NOVM CLAUSE} ^{D.O.}

aestūs māximōs in Ōceanō efficere cōsuēvit, nostrisque id erat

incognitum. Ita ūnō tempore et longās nāvēs, ^{abl} ^{means} quibus exercitum

trānsportandum cūrāverat quāsque Caesar in āridum

^{SUB}

subdūxerat, aestus complēverat et onerāriās, quae ad ancorās

^{SUB}

erant dēligātae, tempestās adflīctābat, neque ūlla nostris ^{dat} ^{ref.}

facultās aut administrandī aut auxiliandī dabātur.

^{ABL ABS}

^{CAUSAL}

Complūribus nāvibus frāctīs, reliquae cum essent fūnibus,

^{"for sailing"}

ancorīs, reliquīsque armāmentīs amīssīs ad nāvigandum

inūtilēs, magna, id quod necesse erat accidere, tōtīus exercitūs

perturbātiō facta est. Neque enim nāvēs erant aliae ^{abl} ^{means} quibus

^{PASS INF}

^{GERUNDIVE}

reportārī possent, et omnia deerant quae ad reficiendās nāvēs

erant ūsuī et, quod omnibus cōnstābat hiemāre in Galliā ^{dat} ^{tempore} ^{dat} ^{ref.}

oportēre, frūmentum hīs in locīs in hiemem prōvīsum nōn erat.

De Bello Gallico 4.30: The Britanni renew hostilities.
ABL ABS

Quibus rebus cognitis, principēs Britanniae, quī post

PERF ACT PART

proelium ad Caesarem convēnerant, inter sē collocūti,

CUM CAUSAL

SUB ACC

cum equitēs et nāvēs et frūmentum Rōmānis deesse intellegerent

dat

et paucitātem militum ex castrōrum exiguitāte cōgnōserent,

part
gen

quae hōc erant etiam angustiōra quod sine impedimentīs Caesar

abl
causae

SUPINE "decided" ABL ABS

legiōnēs trānsportāverat, optimum factū esse dūxerunt, rebelliōne

factā, frūmentō commeātūque nostrōs prohibere et rem in hiemem

abl
sep

ABL ABS

SUB ACC

prōducere, quod eīs superātis aut reditū interclūsīs nēminem

abl
acc

GERUNDIVE

+GEN

postea belli inferendī causā in Britanniam trānsitūrum

cōfidēbant. Itaque, rūsus conīūratiōne factā, paulātim ex

castrīs discēdere āc suōs clam ex agrīs dēducere coepērunt.

De Bello Gallico 4.31: Caesar repairs his fleet.

At Caesar, etsi nondum eorum consilia cognoverat, tamen

et ex eventu navium suarum et ex eo quod obsides dare

(futurum esse)

intermiserant fore id quod accidit suspicabatur. Itaque ad

omnes casus subsidia comparabat. Nam et frumentum ex agris

cotidie in castra conferbat et, quae gravissime adflictae erant

+ABL

naves, earum materiae atque aere ad reliquas reficiendas utentur

"of use"
dect
purpose

et quae ad eas res erant usui ex continentibus comportari iubebat.

CUM CIRCUM

abl
manner

Itaque, cum summo studio a militibus administrarentur, XII

END COMMAND

abl
manner

navibus amissis, reliquis ut navigari satis commodum posset effecit.

4.32
De Bello Gallico 4.32: How the Britons used their chariots in battle.
ABL ABS ADV

Dum ea geruntur, legiōne ex cōsuētūdine ūnā
SUPINE "as usual"
REL CLAUSE

frūmentātum mīssā quae appellābātur septima, neque ullā ad
ABL ABS CUM CIRCUM

^{ob. gen.}
id tempus bellī suspīciōne interpositā, cum pars hominum in
REL CLAUSE

agrīs remanēret, pars etiam in castra ventitāret, eī quī prō portīs
IND STATEMENT

castrōrum in statiōne erant Caesarī nūntiāvērunt pulverem
REL CLAUSE

maiōrem quam cōsuētūdō ferret in eā parte vidērī quam in
SUBJ. by ATTRACTION

partem legiō iter fēcisset.
PERF. ACT. PART

Caesar id quod erat suspīcātus, aliquid ^{part. gen.} novī ^{abl. genit.} ā barbarīs initum

cōnsilī, cohortēs quae in statiōnibus erant sēcum in eam partem

proficīscī, ex reliquīs duās in statiōnem succēdere, reliquās

armārī et cōfestim sēsē subsequī iussit. ^{CUM CIRCUM} Cum ^{abl. d. d. i.} paulō ^{COMP ADV} longius

^{abl. place from which} ā castrīs prōcessisset, suōs ab hostibus premī atque aegrē sustinēre

ABL ABS

PERF
PRESPASS.INF

et cōfertā legiōne ex omnibus partibus tēla cōicī animadvertit.

ABL ABS

Nam quod omnī ex reliquīs partibus dēmessō frūmentō pars

PERF ACT PART IND STATE

ūna erat reliqua, suspiciātī hostēs hūc nostrōs esse ventūrōs

ADV

ABL ABS

noctū in silvīs dēlituerant; tum dispersōs, dēpositīs armīs

PERF ACT

ABL ABS

in metendō occupātōs subitō adortū, paucīs interfectīs reliquōs

ABL ABS

incertīs ordinibus perturbāverant, simul equitātū atque essedīs

abl
nom

circumdederant.

De Bello Gallico 4.33: How the Britons used their chariots in battle.

Genus hōc est ex essedīs pūgnae. Prīmō per omnēs partēs

perequitant et tēla coniciunt atque ipsō terrōre equōrum et

CUM TEMP.

strepitū rotārum ōrdinēs plērumque perturbant et, cum sē

inter equitum turmās īnsinuāvērunt, ex essedīs dēsiliunt et

pedibus proeliantur.

Aurīgae interim paulātīm ex proeliō excēdunt atque ita currūs

RESULT

D.O.

collocant ut, sī illī ā multitūdine hostium premantur, expeditum

D.O.

ad suōs receptum habeant. Ita mōbilitātem equitum, stabilitātem

peditum in proeliīs praestant, āc tantum ūsū cotīdiānō et

NOUN CLAUSE

exercitātiōne efficiunt utī in dēclīvī āc praecipitī locō incitātōs

obj
means

equōs sustinēre et brevī moderārī āc flectere et per tēmōnem

percurrere et in iugō īnsistere et sē inde in currūs citissimē

recipere cōnsuērīnt.

De Bello Gallico 4.34: Caesar rescues the legion, and the Britons march against his camp.

Quibus rēbus perturbātis nostris novitate pūgnae

SUB D.O.

tempore opportūnissimō Caesar auxilium tulit: namque eius

ABL ABS

adventū hostēs cōstitērunt, nostrī sē ex timōre recēpērunt. Quō

GERUNDIVE

factō, ad lacēssendum hostem et committendum proelium

PERF PART

aliēnum esse tempus arbitrātus suō sē locō continuit et, brevī

ABL ABS

tempore intermīssō, in castra legiōnēs redūxit.

ABL ABS

Dum haec geruntur, nostris omnibus occupātis, quī erant in agrīs

reliquī discessērunt. Secūtae sunt continuōs complūrēs diēs

acc of
fut part

tempestātēs quae et nostrōs in castrīs continērent et hostem ā

pūgnā prohibērent.

Interim barbarī nūntiōs in omnēs partēs dīmīsērunt

I.O.

paucitatemque nostrōrum militum suīs praedicāvērunt et

³⁰²⁵ INP QUESTION
GERUNDIVE

³⁰²⁵ GERUNDIVE

quanta praedae faciendae atque in perpetuum sui liberandi

SUBJ by ATTR.

facultas darētur, si Rōmānōs ^{abl. sep.} castris expulissent,

ABL ABS

^{abl. cause} dēmōnstrāvērunt. His rebus celeriter māgnā multitudine

^{part. gen.} peditātūs equitātūsque coāctā ad castra vēnērunt.

De Bello Gallico 4.35-6: The Britons are put to flight.

Caesar etsi ^{SUB ACC} idem quod superioribus diebus acciderat fore

ab i. time
NOUN CLAUSE

vidēbat, ut, si essent hostēs pulsī, celeritate periculum effugerent,

ab i. mens
PERFECT PART

tamen nactus equitēs circiter XXX, quōs Commius Atrebas, dē

quō ^{ADV} ante dictum est, sēcum trāsportāverat, legiōnēs in aciē

ABL ABS

prō castrīs cōstituit. Commisso proelio, diūtius nostrōrum

militum impetum hostēs ferre nōn potuerunt ac terga vertērunt.

Quōs tantō spatiō secūtī quantum ^{ab i. spec.} cursū et viribus efficere

potuerunt, complūrēs ex eīs occidērunt, deinde omnibus longē

lātēque aedificiīs incēnsīs sē in castra recēpērunt.

^{ab i. time} Eodem diē lēgātī ab hostibus mīssī ad Caesarem dē pāce vēnērunt.