

Aeneid Book 1 Passages

Arma virumque canō, Trōiae quī p̄imus ab ōrīs

Ītaliā, fātō profugus, Lāvīniāque vēnit

ADV abi place where P.P.P.
lītora, multum ille et terrīs iactātus et altō

vī superum saevae memorem Iūnōnis ob īram;

+SUBJ
multa quoque et bellō passus, dum conderet urbem,

dat direction
īnferretque deōs Latiō, genus unde Latīnum,

Albānīque patrēs, atque altae moenia Rōmae.

IND QUESTION
VOC I.O. D.O. IMP abi cause
Mūsa, mihī causās memorā, quō nūmine laesō,

SUB GEN
quidve dolēs, rēgīna deum tot volvere cāsūs

abi piec D.O.
īnsignem pietāte virum, tot adire labōrēs

PERF
SUBJ
impulerit. Tantaene animīs caelestibus īrae?

10

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ēre=ērunt

Urbs antiqua fuit (Tyrii tenuere colōni)

Karthāgō, Ītaliā contrā Tiberīnaque longē

ostia, ^{GEN} dīves opum ^{abi} studiisque ^{PRE} asperrima ^{obi} belli,

REL CLAUSE

quam Iūnō fertur ^{abi} terrīs ^{comp} magis omnibus ūnam 15
ABL ABS

posthabitā coluisse Samō. hīc ^{GEN} illius arma,
IND STATE

^{SUB ACC} hīc currus fuit; hoc rēgnū dea gentibus esse,

F.L.V.

sī quā fāta sinant, iam tum tenditque foveatque.

Prōgeniem sed enim Trōiānō ā sanguine ^{PRES} dūcī ^{PASS} ^{INE}
REL CLAUSE CHAR

audierat, Tyriās ōlim quae verteret arcēs; 20

hinc populum lātē rēgem bellōque superbum
DOUBLE DAT

ventūrum ^{dat} excidiō ^{dat} Libyae; sīc volvere Parcās.

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Id metuēns, veterisque memor Sātūrnīa bellī,

p̄rīma quod ad Trōiam prō cārīs gesserat Argīs—

necdum etiam causae irārum saevīque dolōrēs 25

exciderant animo: manet altā mente repostum

iūdicium Paridis sp̄rētaeque iniūria formae

et genus invīsum, et raptī Ganymēdis honōrēs:

his accensa super, iactātōs aequore tōtō

Trōas, rēliquiās Danaum atque immītis Achillī, 30

arcēbat longē Latiō, multōsque per annōs

errābant, āctī fātīs, maria omnia circum.

Tantāe mōlis erat Rōmānam condere gentem!

Hellenes

Graeci

Danaans

Argives

Achaean

P.P.P.

ab/means

P.P.P.

ab/ place where

D.O.

GEN

gen desc

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Vix ē conspectū Siculae tellūris in altum

"set sail"

^{SUB} ^{D.O.}
vēla dabant laetī et spūmās salis aere ruēbant, 35
TEMP

cum Iūnō aeternum servāns sub pectore vulnus

^{D.O.}
haec sēcum: "Mēne inceptō dēsistere victam

nec posse Italiā Teucrōrum āvertere rēgem!

Quippe vetor fātīs. Pallasne exūrere classem

Argīvum atque ipsōs potuit sommergere pontō 40

ūnius ob noxam et furiās Aiācis Oīlēr?

^{P.A.P.}
Ipsa Iovis rapidum iaculāta ē nūbibus ignem

disiēcitque ratēs ēvertitque aequora ventīs,

illum expīrantem transfīxō pectore flammās

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^{ibi} ^{means} turbine corripuit scopulōque ^{+DAT} infixit acūtō;

45

um = ōrum

ast ego, quae ^{GEN} divum incēdō rēgīna Iouisque

et soror et coniunx ūnā cum gente ^{sic} ^{existit} tot annōs

bella gerō. Et quisquam nūmen Iūnōnis adōrāt

praetereā aut supplex ārīs impōnet honōrem?"

^{ibi} ^{place} ^{where} Tālia flammātō secum dea corde volūtāns

50

nimbōrum in pātriam loca fēta furentibus Austrīs,

Aeoliam venit. Hīc vastō rēx Aeolus antrō

D.O.

luctantēs ventōs tempestātēsque sonōrās

^{ibi} ^{means} imperiō premit ac vinclīs et carcere frēnat.

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Illī indignantēs magnō cum murmure montis

GEN

55

circum claustra fremunt; celsā sedet Aeolus arce

scēpra tenēns mollitque animōs et temperat irās.

F.L.V.

Nī faciat maria ac terrās caelumque profundum

quippe ferant rapidī secum verrantque per aurās;

sed pater omnipotēns spēluncīs abdidit ātrīs

Ts = Es

60

D.O. P.A.P. D.O.

hoc metuēns mōlemque et montīs insuper altōs

REL CLAUSE PURP

imposuit, rēgemque dedit quī foedere certō

et premere et laxās scīret dare iussus habēnās.

Ad quem tum Iūnō supplex hīs vōcibus ūsa est:

+ABL

VOC

GEN
I.O. PL

“Aeole (namque tibi dīvum pater atque hominum rēx 65

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et mulcēre dedit ^{ACC.PL.} fluctūs et tollere ^{abi. mēs.} ventō),

gēns inimīca mihi Tyrrhēnum ^{+ACC} nāvigat aequor

^{D.O.} Īlium in Ītaliā ^{D.O.} portāns victōsque penātēs:

^{ACC DAT} incute yim ventīs submersāsque obrue puppēs,

aut age dīversōs et dissice corpora ^{abi. place. where} pontō.

70

Sunt ^{dat. poss.} mihi bis septem ^{abi. desc.} praestantī corpore nymphae

quārum quae ^{abi. spec.} formā pulcherrima ^{NOM} Dēiopēa,

^{abi. means} cōnūbiō iungam stabilī prōpriamque dicābō,
PURP CLAUSE

^{D.O.} omnēs ut tēcum meritīs prō tālibus annōs

exigat et ^{abi. desc.} pulchrā faciat tē prōle pārentem.”

75

IND QUES

Aeolus haec contrā: “Tuus, Ō rēgīna, quid optēs

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explōrāre labor; mihi ^{ACC PL} iussa capessere fās est.

Tū mihi quodcumque hoc ^{ACC PL} regnī, tū scēpra Iovemque

conciliās, tū dās ^{ACC PL} epulis accumbere ^{GEN PL} dīvum

nimbōrumque facis tempestātumque ^{+GEN} potentem.” 80

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ABL ABS

Haec ubi dicta, cavum cōversā cuspide montem

ABL ABS

impulit in latus: ac ventī, velut agmine factō,

ADV

quā data porta, ruunt et terrās ^{abi} ^{preens} turbine perflant.

ēre = ēvnt

+DAT

Incubuere marī, tōtumque ā sēdibus īmīs

ADV

ūnā Eurusque Notusque ruunt crēberque ^{abi} ^{desc} procellīs 85

Āfricus, et vastōs volvunt ad lītora fluctūs.

um = ōrum

GEN PL.

Insequitur clāmorque virum strīdorque rudentum;

ēripiunt subitō nūbēs caelumque diemque

Teucrōrum ex oculīs; pontō nox incubat atra.

Intonuere polī, et crēbrīs micat ignibus aethēr, 90

praesentemque ^{dat} ^{ref} virīs intentant omnia mortem.

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GEN
Extemplō Aenēae solvuntur frigore membra;

Aeneas
Aeneae
Aeneae
Aeneas
Aeneā
Aenea

ingemit, et duplicēs tendēns ad sīdera palmās

tālia vōce refert: “Ō terque quaterque beātī,

DAT GEN
quīs ante ōra patrum Troiae sub moenibus altīs

95

+DAT+INF GEN PL
contigit oppetere! Ō Danaum fortissime gentis

Tydydē! Mēne Īliacīs occumbere campis

P.O.
nōn potuisse, tuāque animam hanc effundere dextrā,

GEN
saevus ubi Aeacidae tēlō iacet Hector, ubi ingēns

Sarpēdōn, ubi tot Simoīs correpta sub undīs

100

GEN
scūta virum galeāsque et fortia corpora volvit!”

D.O.

Tālia iactantī strīdēns Aquilōne procella

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vēlum adversa ferit, fluctūsque ad sīdera tollit.

Franguntur rēmī; tum prōra āvertit, et undīs

dat latus; insequitur cumulō praeruptus aquae mōns. 105

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Hī summō in flūctū pendent; ^{clat. ref.} hīs unda dehīscēns

terram inter flūctūs aperit; furit aestus ^{abi place where} harēnis.

D.O. SUB

Trēs Notus abreptās in saxa latentia torquet

(saxa vocant Itali mediīs quae in flūctibus Ārās,

dorsum immāne ^{abi place where} mārī summō), trēs Eurus ab altō

110

SUPINE

in brevia et syrtēs urget, ^{abi place} miserābile vīsū,

inlīditque vadīs atque aggere cingit harēnae.

D.O.

Ūnam, quae Lyciōs fidumque vehēbat Orontēn,

ipsius ante oculōs ingēns ā vertice ^{SUB} pontus

in puppim ferit: excutitur prōnusque magister

115

volvitur in caput; ast illam ter ^{SUB} flūctus ibīdem

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torquet agēns circum, et rapidus vorat aequore vortex.

NOM

Appārent rārī nantēs in gurgite vastō,

NOM

arma virum tabulaeque et Trōia gaza per undās.

Iam validam Īlioneī nāvem, iam fortis Achātae, 120

et ^{abi means} quā vectus Abās, et quā grandaevus Alētēs,
ATSLAIBS

SUB

GEN

vīcit hiems; laxīs laterum compāgibus omnēs

accipiunt inimīcum imbrem, rīmīsque fatīscunt.

Intereā ^{abi manner} magnō miscērī murmure pontum,
SUB ACC

INF

ēmissamque hiemem sēnsit Neptūnus, et ^{abi place from which} īmīs 125

stāgna refūsa vadīs, graviter commōtus, et altō

prōspiciēns, ^{abi place from which} summā placidum caput extulit undā.

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D.O.
Disiectam Aenēae, ^{abi}tōtō videt ^{place}aequore ^{class}classem,

D.O.
flūctibus oppressōs Trōas caelīque ruīnā;

ēre=ēunt

SUB
nec latuēre dolī frātrem Iūnōnis et īrae.

130

Eurum ad sē Zephyrumque vocat, dēhinc tālia fātur:

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NOM GEN ^{verb} CHIASMUS
"Tantane vōs generis tenuit fidūcia vestrī?"

^{VOC}
Iam caelum terramque meō sine nūmine, ventī,

COMP INF
miscēre, et tantās audētis tollere mōlēs?

APOSIOPESIS

Quōs ego—sed mōtōs praestat compōnere flūctūs. 135

^{sibi} ^{meis} ^{D.D.}
Post mihi nōn similit poenā commissa luētis.

Mātūrāte fugam, rēgīque haec dīcite vestrō:
IND STATE

DAT SUB ACC
nōn illī imperium pelagī saevumque tridentem,

DAT
sed mihi sorte datum. Tenet ille immānia saxa,
SUBJ. JUSS.

vestrās, Eure, domōs; illā sē iactet in aulā 140

Aeolus, et clausō ventōrum carcere regnet."

^{sibi} ^{comp} ^{COMP} ^{ADV}
Sic ait, et dictō citius tumida aequora plācat,

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collectāsque fugat nūbēs, sōlemque redūcit.

Cŷmothoē simul et Trītōn ^{P.A.P}
adnixus acūtō

dētrūdunt nāvēs ^{abl sep}
scopulō; levat ipse tridentī; 145

et vastās aperit syrtēs et temperat aequor,
^{DEP}

atque rotīs summās levibus perlābitur undās.
^{CUM TEMP DEP}

Ac velutī magnō in populō cum saepe coōrta est

^{SUB}
sēditio saevitque animīs ignōbile vulgus

iamque facēs et saxa volant—furor arma ministrat; 150

tum, pietāte gravem ac ^{abl spec}
meritīs sī forte virum quem

cōspexēre, silent, arrēctīsque ^{abl spec}
auribus astant;

ille regit dictīs animōs, et pectora mulcet:

EPIC
SIMILE

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sic cunctus pelagi cecidit fragor, aequora postquam

^{P.P.P.}
prōspiciēns genitor caelōque invectus apertō

flectit equōs currūque volāns dat lōra secundō.

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Dēfessī Aeneadae, quae proxima ^{DO.} litora, ^{abi} cursū ^{meas}

^{COMP}
^{DNF}
contendunt petere, et Libyae vertuntur ad ōrās.

ECPHRASIS

Est in sēcessū longō locus: insula portum

efficit obiectū laterum, quibus omnis ab altō 160

frangitur inque sinūs scindit sēsē unda reductōs.

Hinc atque hinc vastae rūpēs geminīque minantur

in caelum scopulī, quōrum sub vertice lātē

aequora tūta silent; tum silvīs scaena coruscīs

dēsuper, horrentīque ātrum nemus imminet umbrā. 165

Fronte sub adversā ^{abi} scopulis ^{desc} pendentibus antrum;

intus aquae dulcēs vivōque sēdilia ^{abi} saxō, ^{source}

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Nymphārum domus. ^{ADV} Hic fessās nōn vincula nāvēs

ūlla tenent, uncō nōn alligat ancora morsū.

ADV

Hic septem Aenēās collēctīs nāvibus omnī 170

ex numerō subit, ac magnō ^{ADV} tellūris amōre

P.A.P. +ABL SUB
ēgressi optātā potiuntur Trōes harēnā,

et sale tābentēs artūs in lītore pōnunt.

ADV

Ac prīmum silicī scintillam excūdit Achātēs,

suscēpitque ignem foliīs atque ārida circum 175

nūtrīmenta dedit rapuitque in fōmite flammam.

METONYMY

Tum Cererem corruptam undīs Cereāliaque arma

expediunt fessī rērum, frūgēsque receptās

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et torrere parant flammis et frangere saxo.

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Aenēās scopulum intereā cōnscendit, et omnem 180

D.O.
INDUCTION

prōspectum lātē ^{lat} ^{direction} pēlagō petit, Anthea si quem (aliquem)

P.P.P. F.L.V.
iactātum ventō videat Phrygiāsque birēmēs,

aut Capyn, aut celsīs in puppibus arma Caīcī.

Nāvem in cōnspectū nūllam, trēs ^{abi} ^{place} ^{where} litore cervōs

P.A.P.
prōspicit errantēs; hōs tōta armenta sequuntur 185

ā tergō, et longum per vallēs pascitur agmen.

Cōnstitit hīc, arcumque manū celerēsque sagittās

corripuit, fidus quae tēla gerēbat Achātēs;

ductōrēsque ipsōs prīmum, capita alta ferentēs

^{abi} ^{clasic} cornibūs arboreīs sternit, tum vulgus, et omnem 190

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miscet agēns tēlīs nemora inter frondea turbam;

nec prius absistit, quam septem ingentia victor

SUBT LOC
corpora fundat humī, et numerum cum nāvibus aequet.

Hinc portum petit, et sociōs partītur in omnēs.

Vīna bonus quae deinde cadīs onerārat Acestēs 195

lītre Trīnaciō dederatque abeuntibus hērōs,

dīvidit, et dicīs maerentia pectora mulcet:

“Ō sociī—neque enim ignārī sumus ante malōrum—

P.A.P.
Ō passī graviōra, dabit deus hīs quoque finem.

Vōs et Scyllaeam rabiem penitusque sonantēs 200

accestis scopulōs, vōs et Cyclōpea saxa

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expertī: revocāte animōs, maestumque timōrem

mittite: forsan et haec ōlim meminisse iuvābit.

Per variōs casūs, per tot discrīmina rērum

tendimus in Latium; sēdēs ubi fāta quiētās

IND STATE

205

ostendunt; illīc fās rēgna resurgere Trōiae.

Dūrāte, et vōsmet ^{elax} rēbus ^{ref} servāte secundīs.”

Talia voce refert, curīsque ingentibus aeger

spem ^{ah!} ^{means} vultū simulat, premit altum ^{oh!} ^{place} ^{where} corde dolōrem.

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ADV

Corripuere viam interea, qua semita monstrat.

Iamque ascendebant collem, qui plurimus urbi

+DAT

imminet, adversasque aspectat desuper arcēs.

420

Miratur molem Aeneas, magalia quondam,

miratur portas strepitumque et strata viarum.

COMP
INF

Instant ardentēs Tyrii pars ducere murōs,

mōlirique arcem et manibus subvolvere saxa,

pars optare locum tectō et concludere sulcō;

425

iura magistrātūsque legunt sānctumque senātum;

hīc portūs aliī effodiunt; hīc alta theātrīs

fundāmenta locant aliī, immānēsque columnās

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rūpibus excīdunt, ^{delat} scaenīs ^{ref} decora alta futūrīs.

SIMILE

^{D.O.} Quālis apēs ^{ibi} aestātē ^{time} novā per flōrea rūra

430

TEMPORAL

^{sub} exercet sub sōle labor, cum gentis adultōs

ēdūcunt fētūs, aut cum līquentia mella

stīpant et dulcī distendunt nectare cellās,

^{GEN PL.} aut onera accipiunt venientum, aut agmine factō

^{D.O.} ignāvum fūcōs pecus ā praesēpibus arcent:

435

fervet opus, redolentque thymō fragrantia mella.

“Ō fortūnātī, quōrum iam moenia surgunt!”

Aenēās ait, et fastīgia suspicit urbis.

^{P.P.P.} Infert sē saeptus nebulā, mīrābile dictū,

SUPINE

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per mediōs, ^{+DAT} miscetque virīs, neque cernitur ^{clat} ūlī. ^{egant}

440

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Haec dum ^{dat} ^{gen+acc} Dardaniō Aenēae mīranda videntur,

dum stupet, obtūtūque haeret dēfixus in ūnō, 495

rēgīna ad templum, ^{sibi} ^{spec} formā pulcherrima Dīdō,

incessit magnā iuvenum ^{GEN PL.} ^{ABL ABS} sūpante catervā.

Quālis in Eurōtae rīpīs aut per iuga Cynthī

^{sub} exercet Dīana chorōs, quam mīlle ^{P.A.P.} secūtae

hinc atque hinc glomerantur Orēades; illa pharetram 500

fert umerō, gradiēnsque deās superēminet omnēs:

Lātōnae tacitum pertemptant gaudia pectus:

tālis erat Dīdō, tālem sē laeta ferēbat

per mediōs, ^{+DAT} instāns operī rēgnisque futūrīs.

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Tum ^{ab/ place where} foribus dīvae, mediā testūdine templī, 505

saepta armīs, soliōque altē subnixa resēdit.

Iūra dabat lēgēsque virīs, operumque labōrem

partibus aequābat iustīs, aut ^{ab/ means} sorte trahēbat:

TEMPORAL

IND STATE

cum subitō Aenēās concursū accēdere magnō

Anthea Sergestumque videt fortemque Cloanthum, 510

REL CLAUSE

Teucrōrumque aliōs, āter ^{ab/ place where} quos aequōre turbō

dispulerat penitusque ^{ab/ place to which} aliās āvexerat ōrās.

Obstipuit simul ipse simul percussus Achātēs

^{ab/ manner} lācitiāque metūque; avidī coniungere dextrās

ardēbant; sed rēs animōs incognita turbat.

515

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Dissimulant, et ^{(sibi) meos} nūbē cavā specularunt amictī,
IN QUESTION

^(sit)
quae fortūna virīs, classem quō lītore linquant,

^{vice respect}
quid veniant; ^{(sibi) place} cūctīs nam lēctī ^{(sibi) nūmer} nāvibus ībant,

P.A.P.
ōrantēs veniam, et templum ^{(sibi) nūmer} clāmōre petēbant.

Postquam intrōgressī ^(sunt) et cōram data cōpia ^(est) ^{(sibi) gēs} fandī, 520

maximus Īlioneus ^{(sibi) nūmer} placidō sīc pectore coepit:

I.O.
“Ō rēgīna, novam cui condere Iuppiter urbem

^{(sibi) meos}
iūstitiāque dedit gentēs frēnāre superbās,

Trōes tē miserī, ^{(sibi) meos} ventīs maria omnia ^{P.P.P.} vectī,

IMP
ōrāmus, ^{IMP} prohibē īfandōs ā nāvibus ignēs, 525

+DAT COMP
parce piō generī, et ^{ADV} propius rēs aspice nostrās.

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Nōn nōs aut ferrō Libycōs populāre penatēs

vēnimus, aut raptās ad lītora vertere praedās;

P.P.P.

nōn ea vīs animō, nec tanta superbia victīs.

Est locus, ^(quem) Hesperiam Grāi ^{ubi} cognōmine ^{spe} dīcunt, 530

terra antīqua, potēns ^{ubi} armīs atque ūbere ^{spe} glaebae;

IND STATEMENT

Oenōtrī coluēre virī; nunc fāma ^{SUB ACC} minōrēs

Italiam dīxisse ducis dē nōmine gentem.

Hīc cursus fuit,

cum ^{sub} subitō adsurgēns fluctū nimbōsus Orīōn 535

in vada caeca tulit, penitusque ^{ubi} procācibus ^{inmens} Austrīs
ABL ABS

perque undās, superante salō, perque invia saxa

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Rēx erat Aenēās ^{clat}nōbīs, ^{Stad}quō ¹⁹²iūstior alter,

nec ¹⁹¹pietāte fuit, nec bellō maior et armīs. 545

Quem sī fāta virum servant, sī ^{+ABL}vēscitur aurā

aetheriā, neque adhūc crūdēlibus occubat umbrīs,

^(nōbīs)
nōn metus; officiō nec tē certāsse priōrem

DELIBERATIVE SUBJ
POTENTIAL

^{+ACC}
paeniteat. Sunt et Siculīs regiōnibus urbēs

armaque, ¹⁹¹Trōiānōque ¹⁹²ā sanguine clārus Acestēs. 550

JUSS SUBJ

^(nōbīs)
Quassātam ventīs liceat subdūcere classem,

et ¹⁹¹silvīs aptāre trabēs et stringere rēmōs:

ABL ABS

^(nōbīs)
sī datur Ītaliā, sociīs et rēge receptō

IND COMMAND

tendere, ut Ītaliā laetī Latiumque petāmus;

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(est) D.O. GEN PL. APOSTROPHE
sīn absūmpta salūs, et tē, pater optime Teucrum, 555

SUB GEN
pontus habet Libyae, nec spēs iam restat Iūli,

at freta Sīcaniae saltem sēdēsque parātās,
JUSS SUBJ

(sumus)
unde huc advectī, rēgemque petāmus Acestorē.”

(verbis dixit)
Tālibus Ilioneus; cunctī simul ōre fremēbant

Dardanidae.

Tum breviter Dīdō, vultum dēmissa, profātur:

“Solvite corde metum, Teucrī, sēclūdite cūrās.

Rēs dūra et regnī novitās mē tālia cōgunt

mōlirī, et lātē finēs custōde tuērī.

DEL. SUBJ,

D.O. GEN PL
Quis genus Aeneadum, quis Trōiae nesciat urbem, 565

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virtūtēsq̄ue virōsq̄ue, aut tantī incendia bellī?

D.O. NOM
Nōn obtūsa adeō gestāmus pectora Poenī,

nec tam āversus equōs Tyriā Sōl iungit ab urbe.

Seu vōs Hesperiam magnam Sātūrnīaque arva,

sīve Erycis fīnēs rēgemque optātis Acestēn, 570

FUT IND
auxiliō tūtōs dīmittam, opibusque iuvābō.

Vultis et hīs mecum pariter consīdere regnīs?

Urbem quam statuō vestra est; subdūcite nāvēs;

Trōs Tyriusque ^{obx} ^{egert} mihi ^{alibi} ^{maner} nūllō discrīmine agētur. FUT IND

+SUBJ
Atque utinam rēx ipse Notō compulsus eōdem 575

adforet Aenēās! Equidem per lītora certōs

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dīmittam et Libyae lūstrāre extrēma iubēbō,

(aliquibus)

sī quibus ēiectus silvīs aut urbibus errat.”